Please replace the abstract of the disclosure with the following amended abstract:

ABSTRACT

When Polishing a nitride semiconductor monocrystalline wafer is polished,

<u>leaves it with</u> a process-transformed layer is produced. Etching is required in order

to remove [[the]] The process-transformed layer has to be etched to be removed.

Being that The chemical inertness of nitride semiconductor materials are chemically

inert has, however, precluded suitable etching does not exist. Although potassium

hydroxide, for example, or sulfuric acid have been proposed as GaN etchants, their

ability to corrosively remove material from the Ga face is weak. Dry etching utilizing

a halogen plasma is carried out in order to remove the process-transformed layer.

The Ga face can be etched off with the halogen plasma. Nevertheless, owing to the

dry etching, a problem arises again—surface contamination due to metal particles.

To address the problem, wet etching with, as the etchant, solutions such as HF +

H2O2 H2O2, H2SO4 H2SO4 + H2O2 H2O2, HCl + H2O2 H2O2, or HNO3 HNO3, which

have no selectivity are nonselective for Ga/N faces, have metal etching capability,

and have an oxidation-reduction potential of 1.2 V or more, is performed.

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